CONVICT PIONEERS

JOHN LEARY (1795-1854) and ELIZABETH SMITH (c1803-1880)

The lives of <u>John Leary</u> and <u>Elizabeth Smith</u> is interwoven with that of another convict <u>Matthew Flynn</u> as is <u>summarised</u> below:

Elizabeth Smith

Arrived in the Colony of NSW per the ship "Mary 3" in 1823

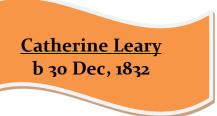
John Leary

Arrived in the Colony of NSW per the ship "Prince Regent" in 1824

Matthew Flynn

Arrived in the Colony of NSW per the ship "Tyne" in 1819

Elizabeth Smith married John Leary Elizabeth Smith married John Leary in Sydney on 15 Jan 1833 and on the same day baptised their <u>daughter</u>:



Apparently Elizabeth Smith and John Leary, <u>later separated</u> and Elizabeth Leary (nee Smith) began a relationship with <u>Matthew Flynn.</u>

Elizabeth Leary (nee Smith) lived with Matthew Flynn Elizabeth and Matthew had 3 children:

Mary Ann Flynn b 1837 at Goulburn

<u>Sarah Flynn</u> b 6 Dec 1840 at Honey Flat, Binalong

Harriett Elizabeth Flynn

b 25 March 1844 at Honey Ck, Binalong

➤ After the death of John Leary

Elizabeth Leary (nee Smith)
married
Matthew Flynn
at Binalong on 18 April, 1858

CONVICT PIONEER JOHN LEARY (1795-1854)

John Leary, a native of County Clare, Ireland, was born in 1795.

John Leary arrived in the Colony of NSW per the ship "Prince Regent" on 15 July 1824. The ship was under the command of Captain Wales.

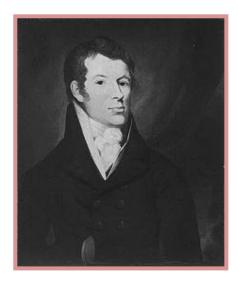
John Leary, whose trade was listed as plough, fences and thatches, was tried at County Clare, Ireland on 11 August 1823 and sentenced (crime unknown) to 7 years transportation to the Colony of NSW.

On arrival, John Leary was listed as being aged 28 years.

Physical characteristics included:	
Height:	5 ft 5 in
Eyes:	grey
Hair:	brown
Complexion:	brown
Remarks:	very well



John Leary was assigned to controversial "Rum Corps" officer and sheep breeder John MacArthur (Macarthur) at Camden.

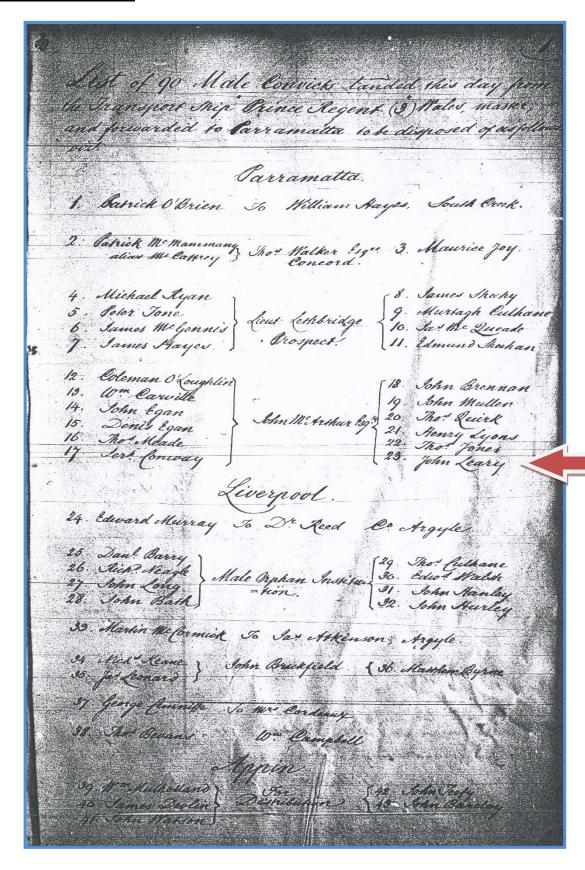






A letter dated 2 August 1824 and signed by Rev Samuel Marsden, Chief Chaplain, Parramatta, shows John Leary among the 90 male convicts that were listed for disposal to various masters in areas such as Parramatta, Liverpool, Appin, Bringelly, Windsor, Evan, Bathurst and Wellington Valley.

The dispersal is listed below:



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1825 General Muster of the Colony of NSW

The <u>1825 General Muster</u> confirms that John Leary was "employed" by the Macarthur's at Camden.

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A newspaper article from "The Australian" newspaper Saturday 22 July 1826, under the heading of "Police Incidents" shows that John Leary may not have been too happy in the employ of John Macarthur and was in some trouble:

The Australian (Sydney, NSW: 1824-1848), Saturday 22 July 1826, page 3, 4

POLICE INCIDENTS.

Richard Scannor, a runaway from the Hyde-park barrack, for some days, was adjudged a ten days' tour on the tread-mill.

John Matthews, identified to be a runaway from a road gang, in the district of Windsor—was ordered to be surroudered to the Magisterial bench of that district, to be dealt with by the latter according to law.

Another absence from the prisoners' barrack, for some few days, his name, John Leary, was condemned to tread a tedious measure on the dread-mill, twice the number of days be had been absent.

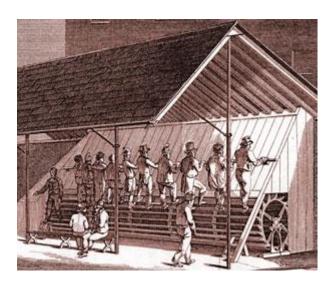
Michael Condon, apprehended as a runaway, subsequently found to belong to a gang in the interior—ordered ten days to the same machine.

Thomas Fegan, was meted out a similar degree of punislament, in consideration of a similar offence, absence from his gang.

<u>The treadmill</u> was introduced in Sydney in 1823 as a less brutal alternative to the lash, and authorities hoped it would be equally effective as a deterrent to further crime.

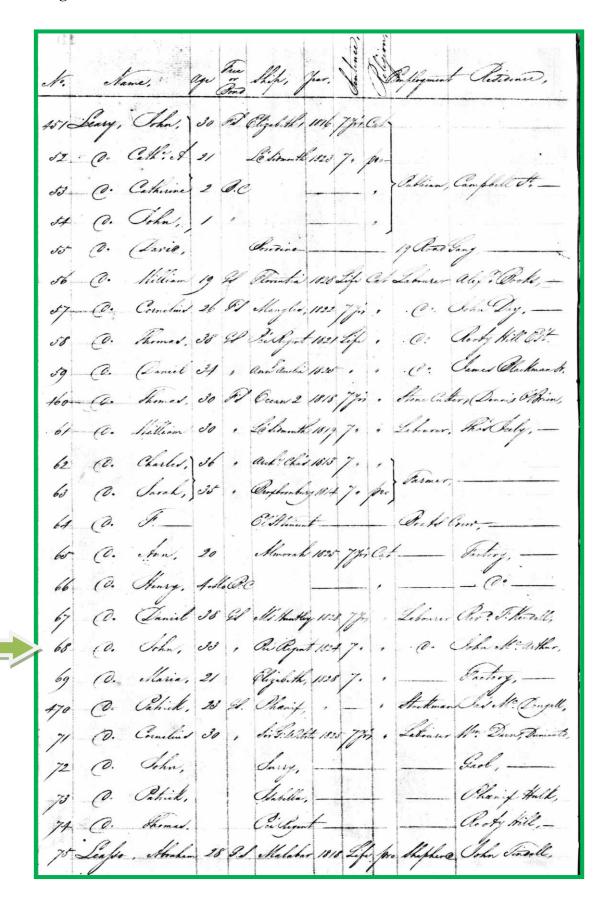
The treadmill was a stairway to nowhere. Punishment consisted of walking upstairs on a revolving set of steps,

There were two treadmills in Sydney and they were used to drive mill wheels for grinding grain into flour. Residents could bring their grain along to have it ground at these convict-powered mills. The NSW Government charged a fee for this, so the joint goals of revenue-raising and deterrence are not unique to speed cameras - the aim was the same in the 1820s!



Convicts being punished on the treadmill

The 1828 Census listed John Leary; labourer aged 33, as a Government Servant. He was still assigned to John Macarthur at Camden.



On 26 December 1828, John Leary was allocated Ticket of Leave (No 28 / 539).

Ticket of Leave details were listed as follows: Name John Leary Ship Prince Regent (3) Master Wales Year 1824 **Native Place County Clare** Labourer Trade or Calling Place of Trial Clare **Date of Trial** October 1823 Sentence Seven Years Year of Birth 1795 Height 5 feet 6 inches Complexion Dark Hair **Light Brown Eyes** Grey Allowed to remain in the District of Camden on recommendation of Camden Bench, dated 30 Sep 1828.

Ref: Archives Office of NSW - Butts of Ticket of Leave - Microfilm Reel No: 913.

There is another reference to Ticket of Leave No: 426 issued also on the above date – "granted in pursuance of the Govt. Order dated 1 January 1827.

Ref: Mitchell Library NSW 1829 – R Darling's Despatch 1204 P 304.

There were obvious complications because another Ticket of Leave (No 30/227) was issued some 17 months later on 13 May 1830.

This ticket was to allow John Leary to remain in the District of Airds.

Ref: Archives Office of NSW - Butts of Ticket of Leave - Microfilm Reel No: 913.

It appears as though John Leary may have been working in a convict party at a stone quarry as mention is made to "vide stone quarry letter dated 3 May 1830".

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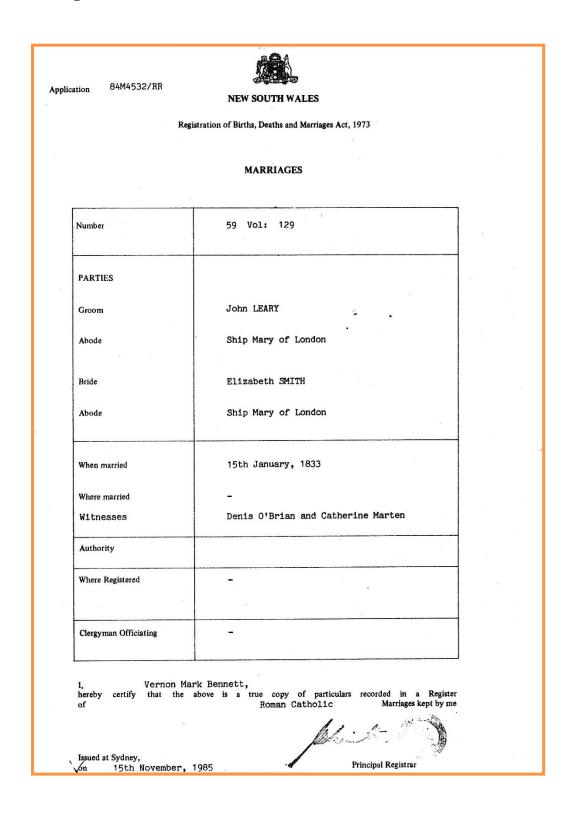
The previous Ticket of Leave had been returned, mutilated and cancelled. "It was torn up on 8 February 1831 on its receipt from the Superintendent of Police Campbelltown who delivered(unclear)--."

MARRIAGE – John Leary and Elizabeth Smith

In Sydney, on 15 January 1833, John Leary took as his bride fellow convict <u>Elizabeth Smith</u> (detailed story of <u>Elizabeth Smith</u> - a separate story).

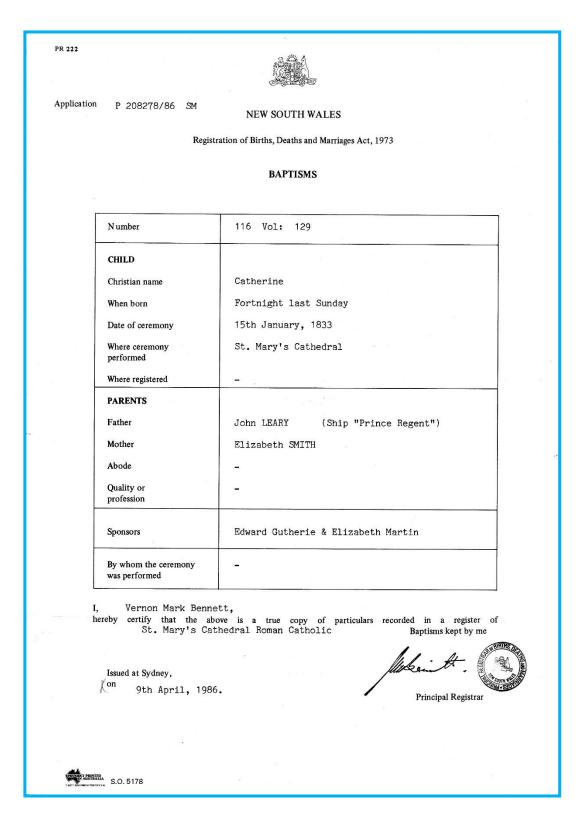
Both Elizabeth and John were listed as residents of the ship "Mary of London", obviously moored in Sydney Harbour.

Witnesses to the marriage were Dennis O'Brian and Catherine Marten.



BAPTISM – of daughter Catherine Leary

On the same day of their marriage, 15 January 1833, John Leary and Elizabeth Smith baptised their young baby, Catherine Leary, also at St Mary's Cathedral, Sydney. Catherine was born on the previous Sunday fortnight, making it 30 December 1832.



Catherine Leary was to be the only child born to John Leary and Elizabeth Smith.

Catherine Leary's place of birth is later listed as Menangle, so the listing of her parent's abode "Mary of London" may have to be queried.

New research (outlined later in the story of Elizabeth Smith) indicates that at some stage Elizabeth Smith and John Leary <u>separated</u>.

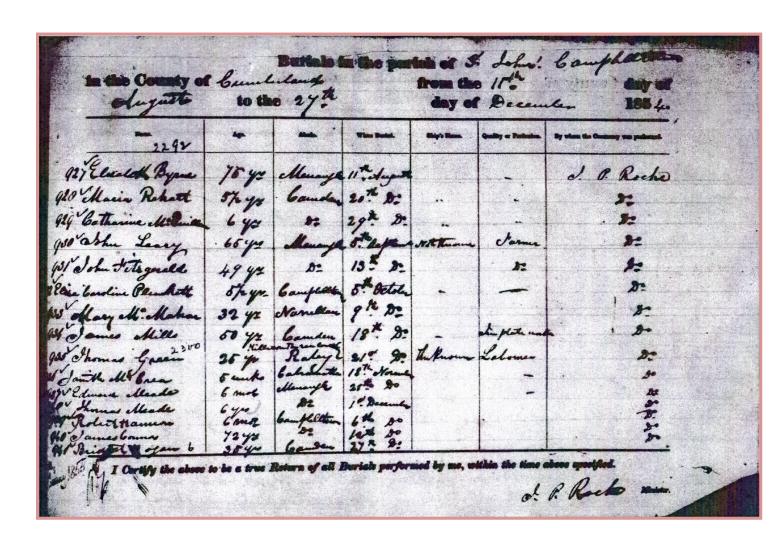
Death of John Leary

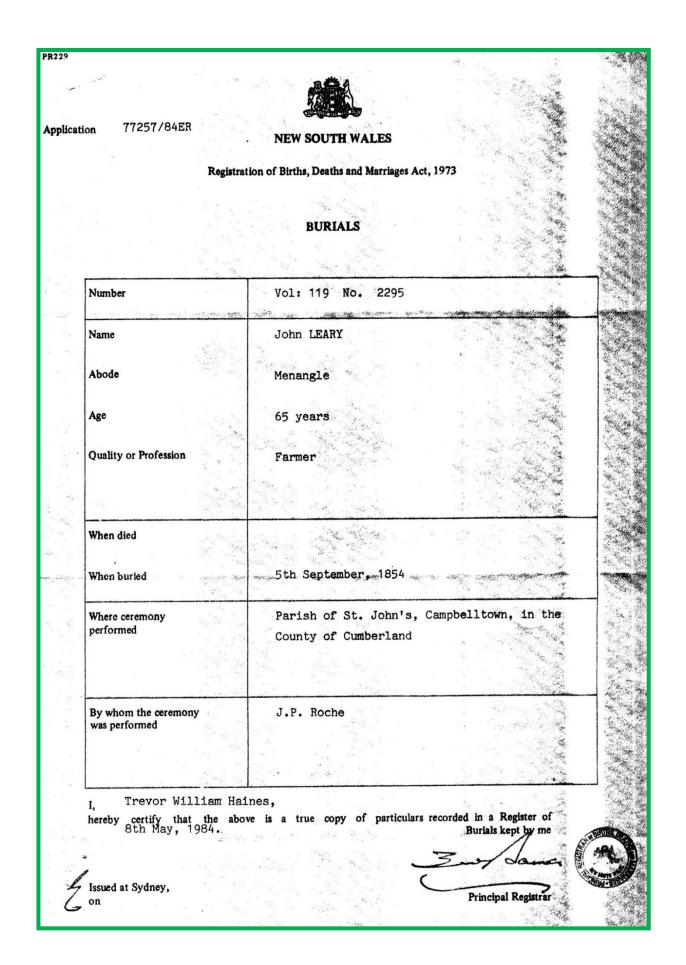
Twenty one years passed for John Leary before passing away aged 65 years. He was buried on 5 September 1854 in the Parish of St. John's Campbelltown in the County of Cumberland.

J P Roche officiated at the burial.

On the church burial return, John Leary was listed as a farmer living at Menangle.

There appears to be a query regarding the age of John Leary as in 1854, John should have been just close to 60 years of age, not 65 years.





CONVICT PIONEER - ELIZABETH SMITH (c1803-1880)

> Separate Story